

WU300NWireless 300Mbps USB Adapter

User Manual Version 1.0

1 Introduction

1.1 Product Features

- Compliance with IEEE 802.11n, 802.11g,802.11b
- Data rates up to 300Mbps for 802.11n
- Strong network security with WEP,WPA, WPA-PSK, AES
- Windows XP/VISTA/7/Win8/Win8.1 compatible

1.2 System Requirements

- Windows XP/VISTA/7/Win8/Win8.1 operating systems
- PC with Pentium 300MHz system or above
- 32MB RAM
- One available USB port
- One CD-ROM drive

Package Contents

WU300N Wireless USB Adapter Installation CD (Drivers, Utility, User's Manual) QUG and Warranty

2 Installation Procedure

2.1 Driver and Utility Program Installation

Note: For proper operation, do not connect the Wireless-LAN USB Adapter to your computer before you install the software. If you do, wait for the Found New Hardware screen to display and click "Cancel", otherwise, the installation process will likely be adversely affected.

If you have installed other Wireless USB Adapter driver & utility before, please uninstall the old version first.

2.1.2 Installation under Windows Win7/Win8/Win8.1

If the system does not install the driver automatically, please follow the below steps:

Use the Quick installation setup or you can execute the "Setup.exe" program inside the CD, select the following

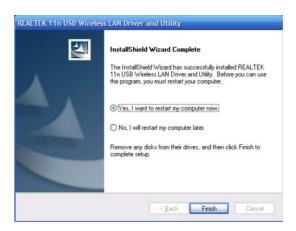


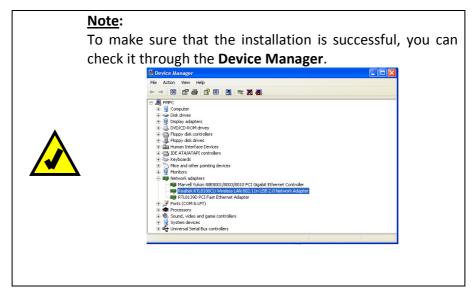
Then select windows or Mac according to your system and after you press next wait for Installation of the Utility



When done Click "Finish"

Select Yes, I want to restart my computer now and click Finish to reboot your computer





3 Utility

Follow the below way to open the Utility:

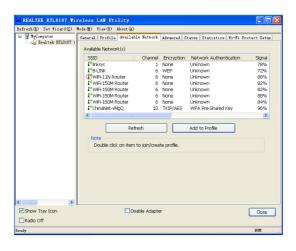


Once the installation is complete, you can configure the Wireless-LAN USB Adapter to connect to a wireless access point (AP). The wireless configuration utility will start automatically, and you'll also find a tray icon at the lower right in your Windows systems tray.

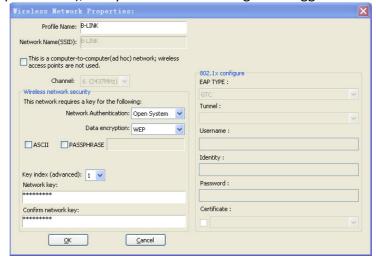
Right-click the icon in the system tray, then select the "Open Config Utility"



The configuration utility will scan for wireless networks within range. Click "Refresh" to refresh the list of available wireless networks. To join a Particular network that displays, select it and click "Add to Profile."

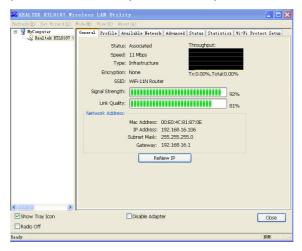


If the wireless network uses encryption, you need to input the correct encryption key. The configuration utility automatically suggests the correct authentication type (see the drop-down list), and you should not change the suggested value.



NOTE: For WPA/WPA2 networks, you need to select the correct encryption type, as well (AES or TKIP). These settings depend on how the wireless network is set up. Only the owner of the wireless network can provide the required information.

If the wireless access point is successfully connected, you'll see.



3.1 Using the Configuration Utility

The Configuration Utility allows you to establish a wireless connection and configure the connection settings. It provides important information on the connection quality and the behaviour of the wireless channel and allows you to fully optimize the performance of your **WU300N USB Adapter**.

Right click the icon in the system tray there are some items for you to operate the configuration utility.

- Open Config Utility
 Select "Open Config Utility" to open the configuration utility.
- About

Select "About" to show the utility information.

Hide

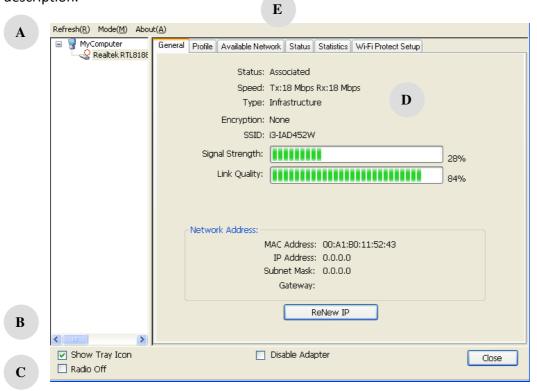
Select "Hide" to hide the utility in the system tray.

Quit

Select "Quit" to close the utility

3.2 Utility Overview

There are several parts in the utility screen. Please refer to the following table for the description.

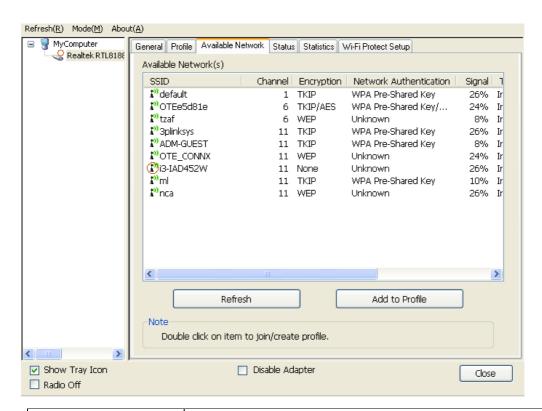


Parameter	Description
	Refresh – Refresh card list
	Mode – There are two modes: Station and Access Point. If
	"Station" is selected, the card works as a wireless card. If
	"Access Point" is selected, the card will works as a wireless
A	AP.
	About – To check the version of the utility, select this
	item.
	This is a list for you to configure several cards in your PC
	from the utility.
	Show Tray Icon – To show the icon in the system tray,
В	select the item.
	Radio Off – This function is for you to turn off or turn on
С	the radio of the card. If the radio is turned off, the card
	will not work.
	Disable Adapter – This function is for you to disable or
	enable the card.

D	It is the status bar that displays the current status of the utility.
	There are several tabs in the block for you to setup the
\mathbf{E}	function of the card. Please refer to the description in the
	following sections.

3.3 Available Network

When you open the Configuration Utility, the system will scan all the channels to find all the access points/stations within the accessible range of your card and automatically connect to the wireless network with the highest signal strength. From the "Available Network" tab, all the networks nearby will be listed. You can change the connection to another network.

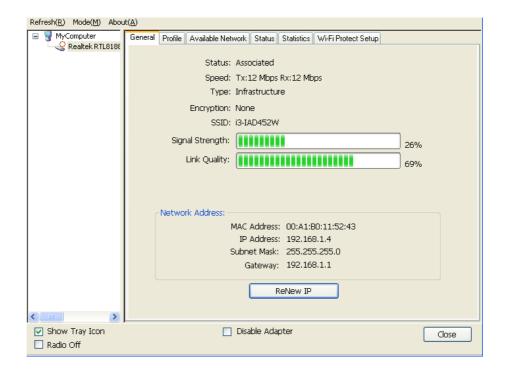


Parameter	Description
Available Network(s)	This list shows all information of the available wireless networks within the range of your card. The information includes SSID, Channel, Encryption, Network Authentication, Signal and etc. If you want to connect to any network on the list, double-click the selected network.

Refresh	Click "Refresh" to update the available networks list. It is
	recommended that refresh the list while you have
	changed the connection network.
Add to Profile	Add profile stores the setting of a network, so that you
	can connect to the network quickly. To add the selected
	network to a profile, click this button.

3.4 General

To check the connection status of **WU300N USB**, select "General". This screen shows the information of Link Speed, Network Type, Encryption Method, SSID, Signal Strength, Link Quality and Network Address of the card.

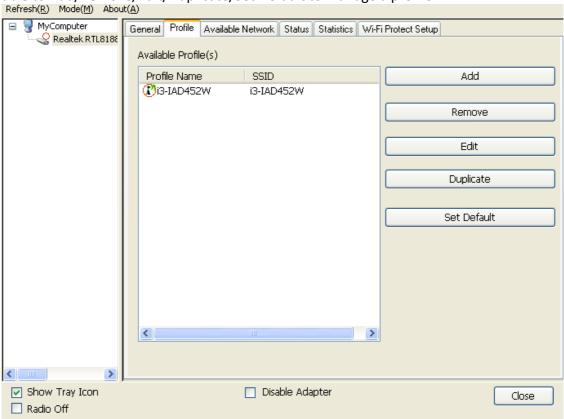


Parameter	Description
Status	It will show the connection status of the card.
Speed	It shows the current speed
,,	Infrastructure – This operation mode requires the presence of an 802.11 Access Point. All communication is done via the Access Point or Router.
• •	It displays the encryption setting of the current connection including None, WEP, TKIP or AES.
SSID	The SSID (up to 32 printable ASCII characters) is the

	unique name identified in a WLAN. The ID prevents the unintentional merging of two co-located WLANs.
Signal Strength	It indicates the wireless signal strength.
Link Quality	It indicates the wireless link quality.
Network Address	It shows the MAC, IP address and other information of the card.

3.5 Profile

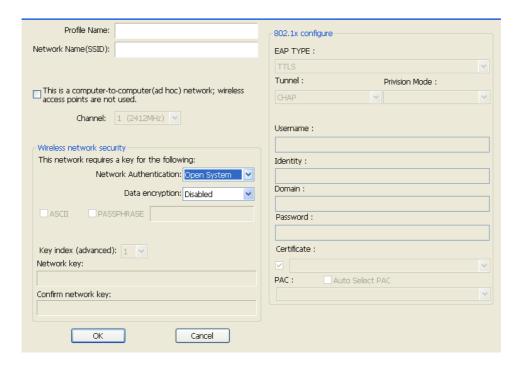
The "Profiles List" is for you to manage the networks you connect to frequently. You are able to Add/Remove/Edit/Duplicate/Set Default to manage a profile.



Parameter	Description
Available Profile(s)	This list shows the preferred networks for the wireless connection. You can add, remove, edit, duplicate the preferred networks or set one of the networks as the default connection.
Add/ Remove/ Edit	Click these buttons to add/ delete/ edit the selected
Button	profiles.
Duplicate	If you like to build up the new profile with the same settings as the current profile, then you can select this

	feature.
Set Default	To designate a profile as the default network for the connection from the available profiles list, click the
	button.

3.5.1 Configure the Profile



Parameter	Description
Profile Name	Define a recognizable profile name for you to identify the different
	networks.
Network Name	The SSID (up to 32 printable ASCII characters) is the unique name
(SSID)	identified in a WLAN. The ID prevents the unintentional merging of
	two co-located WLANs.
	You may specify a SSID for the card and then only the device with
	the same SSID can interconnect to the card.
This is a	There are two kinds of network type described as follows.
computer-to-	Infrastructure – This operation mode requires the presence of an
computer (ad	802.11 Access Point. All communication is done via the Access
hoc) network;	Point or Router.
wireless access	
points are not	Ad Hoc – Connect to another wireless card in the Wireless LAN
used.	network without through an Access Point or Router.

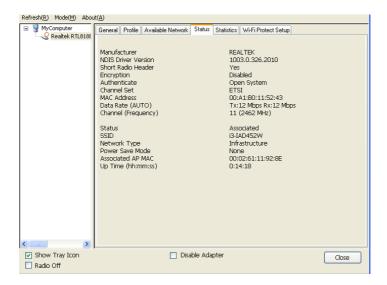
Channal	If this item is selected, the card will work in Ad Hoc mode.
Channel	This setting is only available for Ad Hoc mode. Select the number of
	the radio channel used for the networking. The channel setting
N	should be the same with the network you are connecting to.
Network Authentication	This setting has to be consistent with the wireless networks that the card intends to connect.
	Open System – No authentication is needed among the wireless network.
	Shared Key – Only wireless stations using a shared key (WEP Key identified) are allowed to connecting each other.
	WPA 802.1X – WPA provides a scheme of mutual authentication using either IEEE 802.1x/Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) authentication or pre-shared key (PSK) technology. It provides a high level of assurance to enterprises, small businesses and home users that data will remain protected and that only authorized users may access their networks. For enterprises that have already deployed IEEE 802.1x authentication, WPA offers the advantage of leveraging existing authentication databases and infrastructure.
	WPA-PSK – It is a special mode designed for home and small business users who do not have access to network authentication servers. In this mode, known as Pre-Shared Key, the user manually enters the starting password in their access point or gateway, as well as in each wireless stations in the network. WPA-PSK takes over automatically from that point, keeping unauthorized users that don't have the matching password from joining the network, while encrypting the data traveling between authorized devices.
	WPA2 802.1X – Like WPA, WPA2 supports IEEE 802.1x/EAP authentication or PSK technology. It also includes a new advanced encryption mechanism using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). AES is required to the corporate user or government users. The difference between WPA and WPA2 is that WPA2 provides data encryption via the AES. In contrast, WPA uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP).
	WPA2-PSK – WPA2-PSK is also for home and small business. The difference between WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK is that WPA2-PSK provides data encryption via the AES. In contrast, WPA-PSK uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP).

	WEP 802.1X – It's a special mode for using IEEE 802.1x/EAP
	technology for authentication and WEP keys for data encryption.
Data Encryption	Disabled – Disable the WEP Data Encryption.
	WEP – Enable the WEP Data Encryption. When the item is selected, you have to continue setting the WEP Encryption keys.
	TKIP – TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) changes the temporal key every 10,000 packets (a packet is a kind of message transmitted over a network.) This insures much greater security than the standard WEP security.
	AES – AES has been developed to ensure the highest degree of security and authenticity for digital information and it is the most advanced solution defined by IEEE 802.11i for the security in the wireless network.
	Note: All devices in the network should use the same encryption method to ensure the communication.
ASCII	WEP Key can be ASCII format. Alphanumeric values or signs are allowed to be the WEP key. It is more recognizable for user.
Passphrase	It is a text string with a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters, for example: "Test". The WEP Key is based upon the Passphrase determined by you. This passphrase may not work with other vendors' products due to possible incompatibility with other vendors' passphrase generators. You must use the same passphrase or WEP key settings for all wireless computers within the network.
Network Key	The keys are used to encrypt data transmitted in the wireless network. Fill the text box by following the rules below.
	64-bit – Input 10-digit Hex values as the encryption keys. For example: "0123456aef". 128-bit – Input 26-digit Hex values as the encryption keys. For example: "01234567890123456789abcdef".
Confirm	Enter the same network key to confirm.
Network Key	Effect the sume network key to commin.
Key Index	Select one of the four keys to be the data encryption key.
(advanced)	Select one of the four keys to be the data entryption key.
EAP Type	GTC – GTC is an authentication protocol which allows the exchange of clear text authentication credentials across the network.

	TLS – TLS is the most secure of the EAP protocols but not easy to use. It requires that digital certificates be exchanged in the authentication phase. The server presents a certificate to the client. After validating the server's certificate, the client presents a client certificate to the server for validation. LEAP – LEAP is a pre-EAP, Cisco-proprietary protocol, with many of the features of EAP protocols. Cisco controls the ability of other
	vendors to implement this protocol, so it should be selected for use only when limited vendor choice for client, access-point, and server products is not a concern. When you have set up LEAP authentication, you have to enter the user name and password of your computer.
	PEAP & TTLS – PEAP and TTLS are similar and easier than TLS in that they specify a stand-alone authentication protocol be used within an encrypted tunnel. TTLS supports any protocol within its tunnel, including CHAP, MSCHAP, MSCHAPv2 and PAP. PEAP specifies that an EAP-compliant authentication protocol must be used; this adaptor supports MD5, TLS, GTC (Generic Token Card) and MSCHAPv2. The client certificate is optional required for the authentication.
Tunnel	Includes MD5, GTC, TLS, CHAP, MSCHAP, MSCHAP-v2 and PAP.
Username	The certificate username in the RADIUS server.
Identity	User's identity in the RADIUS server.
Password	User's password in the RADIUS server.
Certificate	The certificate for RADIUS server for certification.

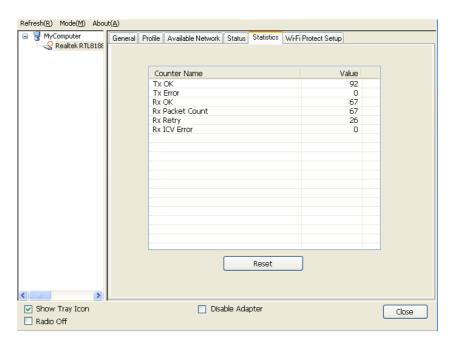
3.6 Status

This screen shows the information of manufacturer, driver version, settings of the wireless network the card is connecting to, linking time and link status. If you don't ensure the status of the card and the network you are connecting, please go to the screen for more details.



3.7 Statistics

You can get the real time information about the packet transmission and receiving status during wireless communication from the screen. If you want to recount the statistics value, please click "Reset".

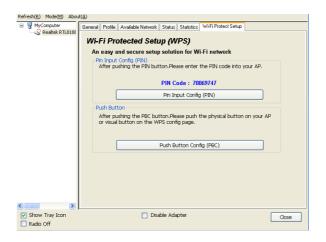


3.8 Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is the latest wireless network technology which makes wireless network setup become very simple. If you have WPS-enabled wireless access point, and you want to establish a secure connection to it, you don't have to configure the wireless access point and setup data encryption. All you have to do is go to the WPS

setup page of this wireless card, click a button, and then press a specific button on the wireless access point you wish to establish a secure connection.

Note: This feature is not available under Vista.



Parameter	Description
PIN	The PIN number of your wireless network card is an
	eight-digit number located at the upper position of the
	utility. Remember it, and input the number to your
	wireless access point as the WPS PIN code (Please refer
	to the user manual of your wireless access point for
	instructions about how to do this).
	Then click 'PIN' button and wait for few seconds to one
	minute. If a wireless access point with correct PIN code is
	found, you'll be connected to that access point. Please
	note that you may have to click 'PIN' for few more times
	to try again. If you still can not connect to access point by
	this way, please make sure the PIN code you provided to
	access point is correct.
PBC	Click 'PBC' button in the utility and then start PBC pairing
	procedure at access point side (please refer to the
	instruction given by your access point's manufacturer).
	Please be patient (This may requires several seconds up
	to one minute to complete). Sometime WPS may fail, and
	you can click 'PBC' button few more times to try again.

4 Technical Support

For technical information and support please contact us: Web Site: www.cryptoelectronics.com

5 Technical Specifications

Standards & Protocol	Radio Data Rates
IEEE 802.11n,IEEE 802.11g,IEEE 802.11b	300Mbps (11n mode)
	54Mbps (11g mode),
	11Mbps (11b mode)
Data Modulation Type	Antenna Type
802.11b: DSSS / BPSK / QPSK / CCK	Printed Antenna
802.11g: OFDM / DSSS / BPSK / QPSK / CCK	
802.11n: OFDM / DSSS / BPSK / QPSK / CCK	
Operating Frequency / Channel	Interface
Range: 2.4GHz~2.4835GHz	USB2.0
ETSI: 1~13 Channels	
Security	OS Support
WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPS,	Windows, XP, Vista & Win7, 8.1
Receiver Sensitivity	Transmit Power
802.11b: -83dBm, 802.11g: -70dBm	802.11b: 17dBm ± 2 dBm
802.11n: -68dBm1M: - 90dBm @ 8% PER	802.11g: 14dBm ± 2 dBm
	802.11n: 14dBm ± 2 dBm

Technical specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

Disposal of old electrical and electronic equipment



If you see this symbol on the product or on its packaging, you should hand the product over to the applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. Do not throw it away with household wastes.

The improper disposal of these products may have negative consequences for the environment and human health.

For more information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the shop where you purchased it.

Declaration of Conformity*

"Crypto hereby declares that this WU300N wireless USB adaptor is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 2004/108/EC." "A copy of the Declaration of Conformity can be found at our company web site www.cryptoelectronics.com"

